## PROJECT REPORT

## Of

## RAISIN(Kishmish)

## PURPOSE OF THE DOCUMENT

This particular pre-feasibility is regarding Raisin(Kishmish) manufacturing Unit.

The objective of the pre-feasibility report is primarily to facilitate potential entrepreneurs in project identification for investment and in order to serve his objective; the document covers various aspects of the project concept development, start-up, marketing, finance and management.
[We can modify the project capacity and project cost as per your requirement. We can also prepare project report on any subject as per your requirement.]

## RAISIN(Kishmish) MANUFACTURING UNIT

## 1. INTRODUCTION:

The project of establishing Raisin Manufacturing unit has to be developed in an area where grapes production is high. Raisins are highly acceptable product and have huge market if established in selective environment. Export market is even good in terms of profitability, if produced with international standard quality. Initially project should be focused on developing credibility in domestic market and then after maturity, there should be focus on export market. The main feature of the project would include hygienically produced raisins (dehydrated grapes up to $80-85 \%$ ). Value addition will be done is form of quality processing, i.e. washing, drying, sorting \& standardized packaging.

## 2. PRODUCT \& ITS APPLICATION:

Sweet, tasty and delicious raisins are a great snack just as they are or can add flavor to almost any favorite recipe, can be eaten by hand \& mixed with other dishes and fruits. It is used in various traditional dishes i.e. Pulao, Halwa etc.and also consumed in modern shapes as pulp, juices, paste, cereals, and snacks etc. Raisins as a part of the daily diet provide essential nutrients, soluble \& insoluble fiber and health protective bioactive compounds. Raisins have proven its effectiveness for the health aspects. Raisins reduce the risk of developing various diseases i.e. constipation, heart disease, diabetes, colon cancer and obesity. Raisins add a touch of sunshine to breads, muffins, cookies, cakes, pies, tarts and puddings etc. As bakery products are one of the major highlights of food industry, it makes the commercial importance of raisin even higher. Raisins are also used in a variety of dishes. In many places raisins are used in place of sugar.

## 3. DESIRED QUALIFICATIONS FOR PROMOTER:

Successful running this project does not require any specific qualification.

## 4. INDUSTRY LOOKOUT AND TRENDS

In years of oversupply, the RAC can also implement the Raisin Industry Diversion Program, in which growers voluntarily participate in programs aimed at reducing supply. Program participants are reimbursed for either removing vines or spur pruning to reduce fruit production (due to a recent U.S. Supreme Court decision, these provisions are currently suspended, being reviewed, and will be amended) (Raisin Administrative Committee, 2015) (USDA - AMS, 2015).

Green grapes have about 24 percent sugar. However, by reducing water in grapes, the proportion of sugar increases to roughly 60 percent by weight in raisins. It takes between 4 to 4.5 pounds of green grapes to make a pound of raisins (Martin \& Mason, 2009).

One way to add value to raisins is to remind customers of their versatility. Raisins can be substituted in many recipes that call for other dried fruit. They can also be added to savory dishes, creating a more balanced flavor profile (California Raisin Marketing Board - Recipes, 2015).

Fresh raisins can be used in baked goods as a natural sweetener and flavor enhancer. They can be used in trail mix, cereals, and granola, and can provide moisture for soft and chewy cookies, as well as control breakage in crisp cookies (California Raisin Marketing Board Products, 2015).

Another way to add value to your raisins is by processing them. Raisin paste can be used as a binder in fruit bars in place of other, more expensive fruit pastes, such as date paste (Fuentes, 2014). Raisin paste can add healthy fiber to baked goods, and its rich deep colour can add visual appeal. Raisin juice concentrate can be used as a natural colouring agent and can add flavor to sauces and marinades, as well as be used as syrup for yogurts, ice cream and chocolate milk. Raisins also have antimicrobial properties, thus adding value to products in which they're used by extending the shelf life (California Raisin Marketing Board Products, 2015).

## 5. MARKET POTENTIAL AND MARKETING ISSUES, IF ANY:

The project is highly dependent upon the availability of Grapes. So keeping in view the seasonal production of grapes, it is suggested that the project may be initiated between July and September. However, value addition can be done through this facility by utilizing round the year production of other varieties of grapes. The target customers for processed raisins would primarily be individuals, dry fruit whole sellers\& retailers, confectionary and medicine industry. After certain period of operations and market capture, project can be expanded into tackling export market with international quality production of raisins and packaging.

## 6. RAW MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS:

The primary raw material for making raisins is grapes. These grapes must have certain qualities in order to produce quality raisins i.e. they must ripen early. Additionally, they must be clean, have a soft texture, not stick together when stored, and have a pleasing flavor.For food grade packaging, it requires food quality HDPE/cardboard boxes.

## 7. MANUFACTURING PROCESS:

Typical process of manufacturing raisins requires following steps. First step to producing good raisins is growing quality grapes. Grape farming is a year-round commitment and includes the practices of pruning, irrigation, fertilization, and pest control. Then, the grapes are harvested. Depending on the weather, the grapes are allowed to dry on the trays for two to four weeks. During this time, the moisture content of the grape is reduced from $75 \%$ to under $15 \%$ and the color of the fruit changes to a brownish purple.After the fruit is dried, the paper trays are rolled up around the raisins to form a package. The rolls are gathered and stored in boxes or bins before being transported by truck to a processing plant. When the rolls of fruit arrive at the manufacturing plant, they are emptied out onto wire screens and shaken to remove dirt and other unwanted debris. The dried grapes are moved from the storage bins to the processing plant. Here they are emptied out onto a conveyor line and mechanically modified. The residual sand and other debris are first removed by running the
raisins on a fine mesh screen while air is blown on them. Immature fruit is removed by suction devices. Next, the raisins are separated from the bunch stem by shaking. The cap stems on each raisin are removed by being passed through two rotating conical surfaces. If there are seeds in the raisins, they are mechanically removed. When all these processing steps are completed, the raisins are run through a series of mesh screens to sort them according to size. At this point the raisins can be put into a variety of packaging. They are packed onto trucks and shipped to customers. Quality control is an important part of each step in the raisin making process. They are also subjected to a variety of laboratory analyses to ensure the production of a consistent, high quality product.

## PROJECT AT A GLANCE

| 1 | Name of the Entreprenuer |  | XXXXXXX |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Constitution (legal Status) |  | : |
| 3 | Father's/Spouce's Name |  |  |
| 4 | Unit Address | $:$ |  |
| XXXXXXXXX |  |  |  |

Taluk/Block:

| District: | XXXXX |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pin: | XXXXX | State: |
| E-Mail | XXXXX |  |
| Mobile |  | XXXXX |

5 Product and By Product : Raisin(Kishmish)

6 Name of the project / business activity proposed:
Raisin(Kishmish)
7 Cost of Project
8 Means of Finance Term Loan KVIC Margin Money Own Capital
Working Capital
9 Debt Service Coverage Ratio
10 Pay Back Period
11 Project Implementation Period
12 Break Even Point

3 Employment
14 Power Requirement
5 Major Raw materials
16 Estimated Annual Sales Turnover
16 Detailed Cost of Project \& Means of Finance COST OF PROJECT

| (Rs. In Lacs) |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Particulars | Amount |  |
| Land | Rented/Owned |  |
| Building \& Civil Work (7500Sq Ft) | 5.00 |  |
| Plant \& Machinery | 11.05 |  |
| Furniture \& Fixtures | 0.42 |  |
| Pre-operative Expenses | 0.50 |  |
| Working Capital Requirement | 8.03 |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 5 . 0 0}$ |  |

MEANS OF FINANCE

| Particulars | Amount |
| :--- | ---: |
| Own Contribution @10\% | 2.50 |
| Term Loan | 15.27 |
| Workign Capital Finance | 7.23 |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 5 . 0 0}$ | | General |
| :--- |$\quad$| Special |
| :--- |
| Beneficiary's Margin Monery <br> (\% of Project Cost) |

PLANT \& MACHINERY

|  | PARTICULARS | QTY. | RATE | AMOUNT IN RS. |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | Fruit Washer and Dryer | 1 | $475,000.00$ | $475,000.00$ |
| 2 | Sorting and Grading Machine | 1 | $280,000.00$ | $280,000.00$ |
| 3 | Packaging Machine | 1 | $25,000.00$ | $250,000.00$ |
| 5 | Weighing Scale | 1 | $25,000.00$ | $25,000.00$ |
| 6 | Material Handling <br> sealining machine | Equipment crates | LS |  |
| 7 | Misc. Tools | LS | $50,000.00$ |  |
|  | Total |  |  | $25,000.00$ |



PROJECTED PROFITABILITY STATEMENT

| PARTICULARS | IST YEAR | IIND YEAR | IIIRD YEAR | IVTH YEAR | VTH YEAR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A) SALES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross Sale | 45.56 | 58.22 | 66.66 | 75.09 | 83.53 |
| Total (A) | 45.56 | 58.22 | 66.66 | 75.09 | 83.53 |
| B) COST OF SALES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Raw Mateiral Consumed | 28.80 | 33.60 | 38.40 | 43.20 | 48.00 |
| Elecricity Expenses | 0.64 | 0.75 | 0.86 | 0.97 | 1.07 |
| Repair \& Maintenance | - | 0.58 | 0.67 | 0.75 | 0.84 |
| Labour \& Wages | 4.75 | 5.23 | 5.75 | 6.32 | 6.96 |
| Depreciation | 2.18 | 1.90 | 1.64 | 1.41 | 1.22 |
| Consumables and Other Expenses | 1.37 | 1.75 | 2.00 | 2.25 | 2.51 |
| Cost of Production | 37.74 | 43.81 | 49.31 | 54.91 | 60.60 |
| Add: Opening Stock/WIP | - | 4.05 | 4.73 | 5.40 | 6.08 |
| Less: Closing Stock/WIP | 4.05 | 4.73 | 5.40 | 6.08 | 6.75 |
| Cost of Sales (B) | 33.69 | 43.13 | 48.64 | 54.24 | 59.92 |
| C) GROSS PROFIT (A-B) | 11.87 | 15.09 | 18.02 | 20.86 | 23.61 |
|  | 26\% | 26\% | 27\% | 28\% | 28\% |
| D) Bank Interest (Term Loan ) | 1.32 | 1.59 | 1.15 | 0.71 | 0.29 |
| Bank Interest ( C.C. Limit) | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.72 |
| E) Salary to Staff | 2.38 | 2.61 | 2.87 | 3.16 | 3.48 |
| F) Selling \& Adm Expenses Exp. | 0.91 | 1.16 | 1.33 | 1.50 | 1.67 |
| TOTAL (D+E) | 5.33 | 6.09 | 6.08 | 6.10 | 6.16 |
| H) NET PROFIT | 6.54 | 8.99 | 11.93 | 14.76 | 17.45 |
| I) Taxation | 0.65 | 0.90 | 1.19 | 1.48 | 1.75 |
| J) PROFIT (After Tax) | 5.89 | 8.10 | 10.74 | 13.28 | 15.71 |

PROJECTED CASH FLOW STATEMENT
PARTICULARS
IST YEAR IIND YEAR IIIRD YEARIVTH YEAR VTH YEAR

SOURCES OF FUND

| Share Capital | 2.50 | - |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reserve \& Surplus | 6.54 | 8.99 | 11.93 | 14.76 | 17.45 |
| Depriciation \& Exp. W/off | 2.18 | 1.90 | 1.64 | 1.41 | 1.22 |
| Increase in Cash Credit | 7.23 | - | - | - | - |
| Increase In Term Loan | 15.27 | - | - | - | - |
| Increase in Creditors | 2.02 | 0.34 | 0.34 | 0.34 | 0.34 |
| Increase in Provisions | 0.36 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.05 |
| TOTAL : | 36.10 | 11.27 | 13.95 | 16.55 | 19.06 |

APPLICATION OF FUND

| Increase in Fixed Assets | 16.47 | - | - | - | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Increase in Stock | 5.49 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.91 | 0.92 |
| Increase in Debtors | 4.56 | 1.27 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 |
| Increase in Deposits \& Adv | 2.50 | 0.25 | 0.28 | 0.30 | 0.33 |
| Repayment of Term Loan | - | 3.82 | 3.82 | 3.82 | 3.01 |
| Taxation | 0.65 | 0.90 | 1.19 | 1.48 | 1.75 |
| TOTAL : | 29.67 | 7.15 | 7.05 | 7.36 | 6.85 |
| Opening Cash \& Bank Balance | - | 6.43 | 10.54 | 17.45 | 26.64 |
| Add: Surplus | 6.43 | 4.12 | 6.90 | 9.20 | 12.21 |
| Closing Cash \& Bank Balance | 6.43 | 10.54 | 17.45 | 26.64 | 38.86 |



## COMPUTATION OF RAW MATERIAL

| Item Name |  |  | Quantity of | Recovery | Unit Rate of | Total Cost |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Raw Material |  | $/$ MT | Per Annum |
|  |  |  | MT |  |  |  |
| Grapes | $100 \%$ |  | 225.00 | $100 \%$ | $20,000.00$ | 45.00 |
| Preservatives and Packing Material |  |  |  |  |  | 3.00 |

Total
(Rounded off in lacs) 48.00

Annual Consumption cost
( In Lacs)
48.00

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Raw Material Consumed(Grapes) | Capacity <br> Utilisation | Rs lac | Computation of Productin of Raisin |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Production | Recovery | MT | Rates Per MT@ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $160,000.00$ |
| IST YEAR | $60 \%$ | 28.80 | 135.00 | $25 \%$ | 33.75 | 54.00 |
| IIND YEAR | $70 \%$ | 33.60 | 157.50 | $25 \%$ | 39.38 | 63.00 |
| IIIRD YEAR | $80 \%$ | 38.40 | 180.00 | $25 \%$ | 45.00 | 72.00 |
| IVTH YEAR | $90 \%$ | 43.20 | 202.50 | $25 \%$ | 50.63 | 81.00 |
| VTH YEAR | $100 \%$ | 48.00 | 225.00 | $25 \%$ | 56.25 | 90.00 |



## BREAK UP OF LABOUR

| Particulars |  | Wages | No of | Total |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | Per Month | Employees | Salary |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Skilled Worker |  | $9,000.00$ | 2 | $18,000.00$ |
| Unskilled Worker |  | $6,000.00$ |  | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $36,000.00$ |
| Add: $10 \%$ Fringe Benefit |  |  |  | $3,600.00$ |
| Total Labour Cost Per Month |  |  |  | $39,600.00$ |
| Total Labour Cost for the year ( In Rs. Lakhs) |  | 5.00 | 4.75 |  |

## BREAK UP OF SALARY

| Particulars |  | Salary | No of | Total |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | Per Month | Employees | Salary |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant |  | $8,000.00$ | 1 | $8,000.00$ |
| Sales |  | $10,000.00$ | 1 | $10,000.00$ |
| Total Salary Per Month |  |  |  | $18,000.00$ |
|  |  |  |  | $1,800.00$ |
| Add: 10\% Fringe Benefit |  |  |  | $19,800.00$ |
| Total Salary for the month |  |  |  |  |
| 2.38 |  |  |  |  |
| Total Salary for the year ( In Rs. Lakhs) |  |  |  |  |

## COMPUTATION OF DEPRECIATION

| Description | Land | Building/shed | Plant \& | Furniture | TOTAL |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  | Machinery |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rate of Depreciation |  |  | $\mathbf{1 0 . 0 0} \%$ | $\mathbf{1 5 . 0 0} \%$ | $\mathbf{1 0 . 0 0} \%$ |
| Opening Balance | Leased | - | - | - | - |
| Addition | - | 5.00 | 11.05 | 0.42 | 16.47 |
|  | - | 5.00 | 11.05 | 0.42 | 16.47 |
| Less : Depreciation | - | 0.50 | 1.66 | 0.02 | 2.18 |
| WDV at end of Ist year | - | 4.50 | 9.39 | 0.40 | 14.29 |
| Additions During The Year | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | - | 4.50 | 9.39 | 0.40 | 14.29 |
| Less : Depreciation | - | 0.45 | 1.41 | 0.04 | 1.90 |
| WDV at end of IInd Year | - | 4.05 | 7.98 | 0.36 | 12.39 |
| Additions During The Year | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | - | 4.05 | 7.98 | 0.36 | 12.39 |
| Less : Depreciation | - | 0.41 | 1.20 | 0.04 | 1.64 |
| WDV at end of IIIrd year | - | 3.65 | 6.79 | 0.32 | 10.75 |
| Additions During The Year | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | - | 3.65 | 6.79 | 0.32 | 10.75 |
| Less : Depreciation | - | 0.36 | 1.02 | 0.03 | 1.41 |
| WDV at end of IV year | - | 3.28 | 5.77 | 0.29 | 9.34 |
| Additions During The Year | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | - | 3.28 | 5.77 | 0.29 | 9.34 |
| Less : Depreciation | - | 0.33 | 0.87 | 0.03 | 1.22 |
| WDV at end of Vth year |  |  | 2.95 | 4.90 | 0.26 |


| REPAYMENT SCHEDULE OF TERM LOAN |  |  |  |  | 11.5\% |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Particulars | Amount | Addition | Total | Interest | Repayment | Cl Balance |
| IST YEAR | Opening Balance |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Ist Quarter | - | 15.27 | 15.27 | - | - | 15.27 |
|  | Iind Quarter | 15.27 | - | 15.27 | 0.44 | - | 15.27 |
|  | IIIrd Quarter | 15.27 | - | 15.27 | 0.44 | - | 15.27 |
|  | Ivth Quarter | 15.27 | - | 15.27 | 0.44 | - | 15.27 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1.32 | - |  |
| IIND YEAR | Opening Balance |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Ist Quarter | 15.27 | - | 15.27 | 0.44 | 0.95 | 14.32 |
|  | Iind Quarter | 14.32 | - | 14.32 | 0.41 | 0.95 | 13.36 |
|  | IIIrd Quarter | 13.36 | - | 13.36 | 0.38 | 0.95 | 12.41 |
|  | Ivth Quarter | 12.41 |  | 12.41 | 0.36 | 0.95 | 11.45 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1.59 | 3.82 |  |
| IIIRD YEAR | Opening Balance |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Ist Quarter | 11.45 | - | 11.45 | 0.33 | 0.95 | 10.50 |
|  | Iind Quarter | 10.50 | - | 10.50 | 0.30 | 0.95 | 9.55 |
|  | IIIrd Quarter | 9.55 | - | 9.55 | 0.27 | 0.95 | 8.59 |
|  | Ivth Quarter | 8.59 |  | 8.59 | 0.25 | 0.95 | 7.64 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1.15 | 3.82 |  |
| IVTH YEAR | Opening Balance |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Ist Quarter | 7.64 | - | 7.64 | 0.22 | 0.95 | 6.68 |
|  | Iind Quarter | 6.68 | - | 6.68 | 0.19 | 0.95 | 5.73 |
|  | IIIrd Quarter | 5.73 | - | 5.73 | 0.16 | 0.95 | 4.77 |
|  | Ivth Quarter | 4.77 |  | 4.77 | 0.14 | 0.95 | 3.82 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 0.71 | 3.82 |  |
| VTH YEAR | Opening Balance |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Ist Quarter | 3.82 | - | 3.82 | 0.11 | 0.95 | 2.86 |
|  | Iind Quarter | 2.86 | - | 2.86 | 0.08 | 0.95 | 1.91 |
|  | IIIrd Quarter | 1.91 | - | 1.91 | 0.05 | 0.55 | 1.36 |
|  | Ivth Quarter | 1.36 |  | 1.36 | 0.04 | 0.55 | 0.81 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 0.29 | 3.01 |  |

CALCULATION OF D.S.C.R

| PARTICULARS | IST YEAR | IIND YEAR | IIIRD YEAR | IVTH YEAR | VTH YEAR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CASH ACCRUALS | 8.07 | 9.99 | 12.38 | 14.70 | 16.93 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest on Term Loan | 1.32 | 1.59 | 1.15 | 0.71 | 0.29 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9.38 | 11.59 | 13.53 | 15.41 | 17.22 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| REPAYMENT |  |  |  |  |  |
| Instalment of Term Loan | 3.82 | 3.82 | 3.82 | 3.01 | 3.01 |
| Interest on Term Loan | 1.32 | 1.59 | 1.15 | 0.71 | 0.29 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 5.14 | 5.41 | 4.97 | 3.72 | 3.30 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE RATI | 1.83 | 2.14 | 2.72 | 4.14 | 5.22 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AVERAGE D.S.C.R. |  |  | 3.21 |  |  |

COMPUTATION OF SALE

| Particulars | IST YEAR |  | IIND YEAR | IIIRD YEAR | IVTH YEAR | VTH YEAR |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Op Stock | - |  | 3.38 | 3.94 | 4.50 | 5.06 |
| Production | 33.75 |  | 39.38 | 45.00 | 50.63 | 56.25 |
|  | 33.75 |  | 42.75 | 48.94 | 55.13 | 61.31 |
| Less : Closing Stock | 3.38 |  | 3.94 | 4.50 | 5.06 | 5.63 |
| Net Sale | 30.38 |  | 38.81 | 44.44 | 50.06 | 55.69 |
| Sale Price per MT | $150,000.00$ |  | $150,000.00$ | $150,000.00$ | $150,000.00$ | $150,000.00$ |
| Sale (in Lacs) | $\mathbf{4 5 . 5 6}$ |  | $\mathbf{5 8 . 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{6 6 . 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{7 5 . 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{8 3 . 5 3}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Average rates are taken for following grades
Grade-A (75\%)
Grade-B (22\%)
Grade-C (3\%)

COMPUTATION OF ELECTRICITY

| (A) POWER CONNECTION |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Working Hour per day | Hours | 8 |  |
| Electric Load Required | HP | 7.5 |  |
| Load Factor |  | 0.7460 |  |
| Electricity Charges | per unit | 8.00 |  |
| Total Working Days |  | 300 |  |
| Electricity Charges (8 Hrs Per day ) |  |  | 107,424.00 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Add : Minimim Charges (@10\%) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| (B) D.G. SET |  |  |  |
| No. of Working Days |  | 300 | days |
| No of Working Hours |  | - | Hour per day |
| Total no of Hour |  | - |  |
| Diesel Consumption per Hour |  | 8 |  |
| Total Consumption of Diesel |  | - |  |
| Cost of Diesel |  | 65.00 | Rs. / Ltr |
| Total cost of Diesel |  | - |  |
| Add : Lube Cost @15\% |  | - |  |
| Total |  | - |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Total cost of Power \& Fuel at 100\% |  |  | 1.07 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Year | Capacity |  | Amount |
|  |  |  | (in Lacs) |
|  |  |  |  |
| IST YEAR | 60\% |  | 0.64 |
| IIND YEAR | 70\% |  | 0.75 |
| IIIRD YEAR | 80\% |  | 0.86 |
| IVTH YEAR | 90\% |  | 0.97 |
| VTH YEAR | 100\% |  | 1.07 |
|  |  |  |  |

## BREAK EVEN POINT ANALYSIS

| Year | I | II | III | IV | V |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Sales \& Other Income | 45.56 | 58.22 | 66.66 | 75.09 | 83.53 |
| Less : Op. WIP Goods | - | 4.05 | 4.73 | 5.40 | 6.08 |
| Add : Cl. WIP Goods | 4.05 | 4.73 | 5.40 | 6.08 | 6.75 |
| Total Sales | 49.61 | 58.89 | 67.33 | 75.77 | 84.21 |
| Variable \& Semi Variable Exp. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Raw Material \& Tax | 28.80 | 33.60 | 38.40 | 43.20 | 48.00 |
| Electricity Exp/Coal Consumption at 85\% | 0.55 | 0.64 | 0.73 | 0.82 | 0.91 |
| Manufacturing Expenses 80\% | 1.09 | 1.86 | 2.13 | 2.40 | 2.67 |
| Wages \& Salary at 60\% | 4.28 | 4.70 | 5.17 | 5.69 | 6.26 |
| Selling \& adminstrative Expenses 80\% | 0.73 | 0.93 | 1.07 | 1.20 | 1.34 |
| Intt. On Working Capital Loan | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.72 |
| Total Variable \& Semi Variable Exp | 36.17 | 42.46 | 48.23 | 54.04 | 59.91 |
| Contribution | 13.44 | 16.43 | 19.10 | 21.73 | 24.30 |
| Fixed \& Semi Fixed Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing Expenses 20\% | 0.27 | 0.47 | 0.53 | 0.60 | 0.67 |
| Electricity Exp/Coal Consumption at 15\% | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.13 | 0.15 | 0.16 |
| Wages \& Salary at 40\% | 2.85 | 3.14 | 3.45 | 3.79 | 4.17 |
| Interest on Term Loan | 1.32 | 1.59 | 1.15 | 0.71 | 0.29 |
| Depreciation | 2.18 | 1.90 | 1.64 | 1.41 | 1.22 |
| Selling \& adminstrative Expenses 20\% | 0.18 | 0.23 | 0.27 | 0.30 | 0.33 |
| Total Fixed Expenses | 6.90 | 7.44 | 7.17 | 6.97 | 6.85 |
| Capacity Utilization | 60\% | 70\% | 80\% | 90\% | 100\% |
| OPERATING PROFIT | 6.54 | 8.99 | 11.93 | 14.76 | 17.45 |
| BREAK EVEN POINT | 31\% | 32\% | 30\% | 29\% | 28\% |
| BREAK EVEN SALES | 25.46 | 26.66 | 25.27 | 24.30 | 23.73 |

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